THE

WORKS

OF T H E REVEREND

GEORGE WHITEFIELD, M. A.

Late of PEMBROKE-College, Oxford,

And Chaplain to the Rt. Hon. the Countess of Huntingdon.

CONTAINING

All his SERMONS and TRACTS

Which have been already published:

WITH

A Select COLLECTION of LETTERS,

Written to his most intimate Friends, and Persons of Distinction, in *England, Scotland, Ireland,* and *America,* from the Year 1734, to 1770, including the whole Period of his Ministry.

ALSO

Some other Pieces on Important Subjects,

never before printed; prepared by Himself for the Press.

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S E R M O N II.

Walking with GOD.

Genesis v. 24.

*And* Enoch *walked with* God, *and he was not, for* God *took him.*

V

ARIOUS are the pleas and arguments, which men of corrupt minds frequently urge against yielding obedi­ence to the just and holy commands of God. But, perhaps, one of the most common objections that they make is this, that our Lord’s commands are not practicable, because con­trary to flesh and blood; and consequently, that he is “an hard master, reaping where he has not sown, and gathering where he has not strewed.” These we find were the sentiments entertained by that wicked and slothful servant men­tioned in the xxvth of St. *Matthew*; and are undoubtedly the same with many which are maintained in the present wicked and adulterous generation. The Holy Ghost foreseeing this, hath taken care to inspire holy men of old, to record the ex­amples of many holy men and women; who, even under the Old Testament dispensation, were enabled cheerfully to take Christ’s yoke upon them, and counted his service perfect freedom. The large catalogue of saints, confessors, and mar­tyrs, drawn up in the xith chapter to the *Hebrews,* abun­dantly evidences the truth of this observation. What a great cloud of witnesses have we there presented to our view? All eminent for their faith, but some shining with a greater degree of lustre than do others. The proto-martyr *Abel,* leads the van. And next to him, we find *Enoch* mentioned, not only because he was next in order of time, but also on account of his exalted piety. He is spoken of in the words of the text in a very extraordinary manner. We have here a short but very full and glorious account, both of his beha­viour in this world, and the triumphant manner of his enter­ing into the next. The former is contained in these words, “And *Enoch* walked with God.” The latter in these, “and he was not: for God took him.” He was not; i.e. He was not found, he was not taken away in the common manner, he did not see death; for *Heb.* xi. 5. God had translated him. Who this *Enoch* was, does not appear so plainly. To me, he seems to have been a person of public character. I suppose, like *Noah,* a preacher of righteousness. And, if we may credit the Apostle *Jude,* he was a flaming preacher. For he quotes one of his prophecies, wherein he saith, “Behold, the Lord cometh with ten thousand of his saints, to execute judgment upon all, and to convince all that are ungodly among them, of all their ungodly deeds which they have ungodly committed, and of all their hard speeches, which ungodly sinners have spoken against him.” But whether a public or private person, he has a noble testimony given him in the lively oracles. The author of the epistle to the *Hebrews* saith, that before his translation he had this testimony, “that he pleased God;” and his being translated was a proof of it beyond all doubt. And I would observe that it was wonderful wisdom in God to translate *Enoch* and *Elijah* under the Old Testament dispensation, that here­after when it should be asserted, that the Lord Jesus was carried into heaven, it might not seem a thing altogether in­credible to the *Jews*; since they themselves confessed, that two of their own prophets had been translated several hun­dred years before. But it is not my design to detain you any longer, by enlarging, or making observations on *Enoch’s* short, but comprehensive character. The thing I have in view, being to give a discourse, as the Lord shall enable, upon a weighty and a very important subject; I mean, *walking with* God. “And *Enoch* walked with God.” If so much as this can be truly said of you and me after our decease, we shall not have any reason to complain, that we have lived in vain.

In handling my intended subject, I shall,

*First,* Endeavour to show, what is implied in these words, *walked with* God.

*Secondly,* I shall prescribe some means, upon the due observance of which, believers may keep up and maintain their *walk with God.* And,

*Thirdly,* Offer some motives to stir us up, if we never walked with God before, to come and walk with God now. The whole shall be closed with a word or two of ap­plication.

*First,* I am to show what is implied in these words, “walked with God” or in other words, what we are to understand by *walking with* God.

And *First, Walking with* God, implies, that the prevail­ing power of the enmity of a person’s heart, be taken away by the blessed Spirit of God. Perhaps it may seem a hard saying to some, but our own experience daily proves, what the scripture in many places assert, that the carnal mind, the mind of the unconverted, natural man, nay, the mind of the regenerate, so far as any part of him remains unrenewed, is enmity, not only an enemy, but “enmity itself against God; so that it is not subject to the law of God, neither indeed can it be.” Indeed one may well wonder that any creature, especially that lovely creature man, made after his Maker’s own image, should ever have any enmity, much less a pre­vailing enmity against that very God in whom he lives, and moves, and hath his being. But alas! so it is. Our first parents contracted it when they fell from God by eating the forbidden fruit, and the bitter and malignant contagion of it, hath descended to, and quite overspread their whole posterity. This enmity discovered itself, in *Adam’s* endeavouring to hide himself in the trees of the garden. When he heard the voice of the Lord God, instead of running with an open heart, saying, Here am I; alas! he now wanted no communion with God; and still more discovered his lately contracted enmity, by the excuse he made to the Most High. “The woman, or this woman, thou gavest to be with me, she gave me of “the tree, and I did eat.” By saying thus, he in effect lays all the fault upon God; as though he had said, if thou hadst not given me this woman, I had not sinned against thee, so thou mayst thank thyself for my transgression. In the same manner this enmity works in the hearts of *Adam’s* children. They now and again find something rising against God, and saying even unto God, what doest thou? “It scorns any meaner competitor (says the learned Doctor *Owen* in his excellent treatise on indwelling sin) than God himself.” Its command is like that of the *Assyrians* in respect to *Ahab,* Shoot only at the King. And it strikes against every thing that has the appearance of real piety, as the *Assyrians* shot at *Jehosaphat* in *Ahab’s* clothes. But the opposition ceases when it finds that it is only an appearance, as the *Assyrians* left off shooting at *Jehosaphat,* when they perceived it was not *Ahab* they were shooting at. This enmity discovered itself in accursed *Cain;* he hated and slew his brother *Abel,* because *Abel* loved, and was peculiarly favoured by his God. And this same enmity rules and prevails in every man that is na­turally engendered of the offspring of *Adam.* Hence that averseness to prayer and holy duties, which we find in chil­dren, and very often in grown persons, who have notwith­standing been blessed with a religious education. And all that open sin and wickedness, which like a deluge has over­flowed the world, are only so many streams running from this dreadful, contagious fountain; I mean the enmity of man’s desperately wicked and deceitful heart. He that can­not set his seal to this, knows nothing yet, in a saving man­ner, of the holy scriptures, or of the power of God. And all that do know this, will readily acknowledge, that before a person can be said to walk with God, the prevailing power of this heart-enmity must be destroyed. For persons do not use to walk and keep company together, who entertain an irreconcilable enmity and hatred against one another. Observe me, I say, the prevailing power of this enmity must be taken away. For the inbeing of it will never be totally re­moved, till we bow down our heads and give up the ghost. The apostle *Paul* no doubt, speaks of himself, and that too not when he was a pharisee, but a real christian; when he complains, “that when he would do good, evil was present with him;” not having dominion over him, but opposing and refilling his good intentions and actions, “so that he could not do the things which he would;” in that perfection which the new man desired. This is what he calls sin dwelling in him. “And this is that [Greek], which, (to use the words of the ninth article of our church,) some do expound the wisdom, some sensuality, some the affectation, some the desire of the flesh, which doth remain, yea, in them that are regenerated.” But as for its prevail­ing power, it is destroyed in every soul that is truly born of God, and gradually more and more weakened as the be­liever grows in grace, and the spirit of God gains a greater and greater ascendancy in the heart.

But *Secondly,* Walking with God not only implies, that the prevailing power of the enmity of a man’s heart be taken away, but also that a person is actually reconciled to God the Father, in and through the all-sufficient righteousness and atonement of his dear Son. “Can two walk together, (says *Solomon),* unless they are agreed?” Jesus is our peace, as well as our peacemaker. When we are justified by faith in Christ, then, but not till then, we have peace with God; and consequently cannot be said till then, to walk with him. Walking with a person, being a sign and token that we are friends to that person, or at least, though we have been at variance, yet that now we are reconciled and become friends again. This is the great errand that gospel ministers are sent out upon. To us is committed the ministry of reconciliation: As ambassadors for God, we are to beseech sinners, in Christ’s stead, to be reconciled unto God; and when they comply with the gracious invitation, and are actually by faith brought into a date of reconciliation with God, then, and not till then, may they be said so much as to begin to walk with God.

Further, *Thirdly,* Walking with God implies, a settled, abiding communion and fellowship with God, or what in scripture is called, “The Holy Ghost dwelling in us.” This is what our Lord promised when he told his disciples, that “the Holy Spirit should be in, and with them;” not to be like a wayfaring-man, to stay only for a night, but to reside and make his abode in their hearts. This I am apt to be­lieve is what the Apostle *John* would have us understand, when he talks of a person abiding in him, in Christ, “and walking as he himself also walked.” And this is what is particularly meant in the words of our text. “And *Enoch* walked with God.” i.e. He kept up and maintained a holy, settled, habitual, though undoubtedly not altogether uninterrupted communion and fellowship with God, in and through Christ Jesus. So that to sum up what has been laid on this part of the first general head, *walking with* God consists especially in the fixed habitual bent of the will for God, in an habitual dependence upon his power and promise, in an habitual voluntary dedication of our all to his glory, in an habitual eying of his precept in all we do, and in an habitual complacence in his pleasure in all we suffer.

*Fourthly, Walking with* God implies, our making progress or advances in the divine life. *Walking,* in the very first idea of the word, seems to suppose a progressive motion. A person that walks, though he move slowly, yet he goes forwards and does not continue in one place. And so it is with those that walk with God. They go on, as the palmist says, from strength to strength or, in the language of the Apostle *Paul,* “they pass from glory to glory, even by the Spirit of the Lord.” Indeed in one sense, the divine life admits of neither increase nor decrease. When a soul is born of God, to all intents and purposes he is a child of God, and, though he should live to the age of *Methuselah,* yet he would then be only a child of God, after all. But in ano­ther sense, the divine life admits of decays and additions. Hence it is, that we find the people of God charged with backsliding, and losing their first love. And hence it is, that we hear of babes, young men and fathers in Christ; and upon this account it is that the Apostle exhorts *Timothy,* “to let his progress be made known to all men.” And what is here required of *Timothy* in particular; by St. *Peter,* is en­joined all christians in general, “But grow in grace, (says he) and in the knowledge of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.” For the new creature increases in spiritual sta­ture; and though a person can but be a new creature, yet there are some that are more conformed to the divine image than others, and will, after death, be admitted to a greater degree of blessedness. For want of observing this distinction, even some gracious souls that have better hearts than heads, (as well as men of corrupt minds, reprobates concerning the faith) have unawares run into downright *Antinomian* princi­ples, denying all growth of grace in a believer, or any marks of grace to be laid down in the scriptures of truth. From such principles, and more especially from practices naturally consequent on such principles, may the Lord of all Lord’s deliver us!

From what then has been said, we may now know what is implied in the words, “walked with God,” viz. Our having the prevailing enmity of our hearts taken away by the power of the Spirit of God; our being actually reconciled and united to him by faith in Jesus Christ; our having and keeping up a settled communion and fellowship with him; and our making a daily progress in this fellowship, so as to be conformed to the divine image more and more.

How this is done, or, in other words, by what means be­lievers keep up and maintain their walk with God, comes to be considered under our second general head.

And, *First,* Believers keep up and maintain their walk with God, by reading of his holy word. “Search the scriptures,” says our blessed Lord, “for these are they that testify of me.” And the royal psalmist tells us, “that God’s word was a light unto his feet, and a lanthorn unto his paths;” and he makes it one property of a good man, “that his de­light is in the law of the Lord, and that he exercises himself therein day and night.” “Give thyself to reading,” (says *Paul* to *Timothy*); “And this book of the law, (says God to *Joshua)* shall not go out of thy mouth.” For what­soever was written in afore time, was written for our learn­ing. And the word of God is profitable for reproof, correc­tion, and intrusion in righteousness, and every way sufficient to make every true child of God thoroughly furnished to every good work. If we once get above our Bibles, and cease making the written word of God our sole rule, both as to faith and practice, we shall soon lie open to all manner of delusion, and be in great danger of making shipwreck of faith and a good conscience. Our blessed Lord, though he had the Spirit of God without measure, yet always was governed by, and fought the devil with, “It is written.” This the Apostle calls the “Sword of the Spirit.” We may say of it as *David* said of *Goliath’s* sword, “None like this.” The scriptures are called the lively oracles of God: not only because they are generally made use of to beget in us a new life, but also to keep up and increase it in the soul. The Apostle *Peter,* in his 2d epistle, prefers it even to seeing Christ transfigured upon the mount. For after he had said, chap. i. 18. “That the voice which came from heaven we heard, when we were with Him in the holy mount;” he adds, “We have also a more sure word of prophecy; whereunto ye do well that ye take heed, as unto a light shining in a dark place, until the day dawn, and the day-star arise in your hearts i.e. Till we shake off these bodies, and see Jesus face to face. Till then, we must see and converse with him through the glass of his word. We must make his testimonies our counsellors, and daily, with *Mary* sit at Jesus feet, by faith hearing his word. We shall then by happy experience find, that they are spirit and life, meat indeed, and drink indeed to our souls.

*Secondly,* Believers keep up and maintain their walk with God by secret prayer. The spirit of grace is always accom­panied with the spirit of supplication. It is the very breath of the new-creature, the fan of the divine life, whereby the spark of holy fire kindled in the soul by God, is not only kept in, but raised into a flame. A neglect of secret prayer has been frequently an inlet to many Spiritual diseases, and has been attended with fatal consequences. *Origen* observed, “That the day he offered incense to an idol, he went out of his closet without making use of secret prayer.” It is one of the most noble parts of the believer’s spiritual armour. “Praying always, says the Apostle, with all manner of supplication.” “Watch and pray, says our Lord, that ye enter not into temptation.” And he spake a parable, that his disciples should pray, and not faint. Not that our Lord would have us always upon our knees, or in our closets, to the neglect of our other relative duties. But he means, that our souls should be kept in a praying-frame, so that we might be able to say, as a good man in *Scotland* once said to his friends on his death-bed, “Could these curtains, or could these walls speak, they would tell you what sweet communion I have had with my God here.” O prayer, prayer! It brings and keeps God and man together. It raises man up to God, and brings God down to man. If you would therefore, O believers, keep up your walk with God; pray, pray without ceasing. Be much in secret, set prayer. And when you are about the common business of life, be much in ejaculatory prayer, and send, from time to time, short letters post to heaven upon the wings of faith. They will reach the very heart of God, and return to you again loaded with spiritual blessings.

*Thirdly,* Holy and frequent meditation is another blessed means of keeping up a believer’s walk with God. “Prayer, reading, temptation, and meditation,” says *Luther,* “make a minister.” And they also make, and perfect a christian. Meditation to the soul, is the same as digestion to the body. Holy *David* found it so, and therefore he was frequently em­ployed in meditation, even in the night season. We read also of *Isaac’s* going out into the fields to meditate in the evening; or, as it is in the margin, to pray. For medita­tion is a kind of silent prayer, whereby the soul is frequently, as it were, carried out of itself to God, and in a degree made like unto those blessed Spirits, who by a kind of immediate intuition always behold the face of our heavenly Father. None but those happy souls that have been accustomed to this divine employ, can tell what a blessed promoter of the divine life, meditation is. “Whilst I was musing, says *David,* the fire kindled.” And whilst the believer is musing on the works and word of God; especially that work of works, that wonder of wonders, that mystery of godliness, “God manifest in the flesh,” the Lamb of God slain for the sins of the world: he frequently feels the fire of divine love kindle, so that he is obliged to speak with his tongue, and tell of the loving-kindness of the Lord to his soul. Be fre­quent therefore in meditation, all ye that desire to keep up and maintain a close and uniform walk with the most-high God.

*Fourthly,* Believers keep up their walk with God, by watching and noting his providential dealings with them. If we believe the scriptures, we must believe what our Lord hath declared therein, “That the very hairs of his disciples heads are all numbered; and that a sparrow does not fall to the ground, (either to pick up a grain of corn, or when shot by a fowler) without the knowledge of our heavenly Father.” Every cross has a call in it, and every particular dispensation of divine providence, has some particular end to answer in those to whom it is sent. If it be of an afflictive nature, God does thereby say, “My son, keep thyself from idols:” if prosperous, he does it as it were by a small, still voice, say, “My son, give me thy heart.” If believers, there­fore, would keep up their walk with God, they must from time to time hear what the Lord has to say concerning them in the voice of his providence. Thus we find *Abraham’s* servant, when he went to fetch a wife for his master *Isaac,* eyed and watched the providence of God, and by that means found out the person that was designed for his master’s wife. “For a little hint from Providence,” says pious Bishop *Hall,* “is enough for faith to feed upon.” And as I believe it will be one part of our happiness in heaven, to take a view of, and look back upon, the various links of the golden chain which drew us there; so those that enjoy most of heaven below, I believe, will be most minute in remarking God’s various deal­ings with them, in respect to his providential dispensations here on earth.

*Fifthly,* In order to walk closely with God, his children must not only watch the motions of God’s providence without them, but the motions also of his blessed Spirit in their hearts. “As many as are the sons of God, are led by the Spirit of God,” and give up themselves to be guided by the Holy Ghost, as a little child gives its hand to be led by a nurse or parent. It is no doubt in this sense, that we are to be con­verted, and become like little children. And though it is the quintessence of enthusiasm, to pretend to be guided by the Spirit without the written word; yet it is every christian’s bounden duty to be guided by the Spirit in conjunction with the written word of God. Watch, therefore, I pray you, O believers, the motions of God’s blessed Spirit in your souls, and always try the suggestions or impressions that you may at any time feel, by the unerring rule of God’s most holy word: and if they are not found to be agreeable to that, reject them as diabolical and delusive. By observing this caution, you will steer a middle course between the two dangerous extremes many of this generation are in danger of running into; I mean, *enthusiasm,* on the one hand, and *deism,* and *downright infidelity,* on the other.

*Sixthly,* They that would maintain a holy walk with God, must walk with him in ordinances as well as providences, &c. It is, therefore, recorded of *Zachary* and *Elizabeth,* that “They walked in all God’s ordinances as well as command­ments, blameless.” And all rightly informed christians, will look upon ordinances, not as beggarly elements, but as so many conduit-pipes, whereby the infinitely condescending *Jehovah* conveys his grace to their souls. They will look upon them as children’s bread, and as their highest privileges. Consequently they will be glad when they hear others say, “Come, let us go up to the house of the Lord.” They will delight to visit the place where God’s honour dwelleth, and be very eager to embrace all opportunities to show forth the Lord Christ’s death till he come.

*Seventhly* and *lastly,* If you would walk with God, you will associate and keep company with those that do walk with him. “My delight, says holy *David,* is in them that do excel” in virtue. They were in his fight, the excellent ones of the earth. And the primitive christians, no doubt, kept up their vigour and first love, by continuing in fellowship one with another. The Apostle *Paul* knew this full well, and therefore exhorts the christians to see to it, that they did not forsake the assembling of themselves together. For how can one be warm alone? And has not the wisest of men told us, that, “as iron sharpeneth iron, so doth the countenance of a man his friend?” If we look, therefore; into church history, or make a just observation of our own times, I believe we shall find, that as the power of God prevails, christian societies, and fel­lowship meetings prevail proportionably. And as one decays, the other has insensibly decayed and dwindled away at the same time. So necessary is it for those that would walk with God, and keep up the life of religion, to meet together as they have opportunity, in order to provoke one another to love and good works.

Proceed we now to the Third general thing proposed, To offer some motives to excite all to come and walk with God.

And *First,* Walking with God, is a very honourable thing. This generally is a prevailing motive to persons of all ranks, to stir them up to any important undertaking. O that it may have its due weight and influence with you, in respect to the matter now before us! I suppose you would all think it a very high honour to be admitted into an earthly prince’s privy-council, to be trusted with his secrets, and to have his ear at all times, and at all seasons. It seems *Haman* thought it so, when he boasted, *Esth.* v. 11, that besides his being “ad­vanced above the princes and servants of the king; yea, moreover, *Esther* the Queen did let no man come in with the King unto the banquet that he had prepared, but myself; and tomorrow am I invited unto her also with the King.” And when afterwards a question was put to this same *Haman,* chap. vi. 6. “What shall be done unto the man whom the King delighteth to honour?” he answered, ver. 8. “Let the royal apparel be brought which the king used to wear, and the horse that the king rideth upon, and the crown royal which is set upon his head; and let this apparel and horse be delivered to the hand of one of the king’s most noble princes, that they may array the man withal whom the King delights to honour, and bring him on horseback through the street of the city, and proclaim before him, Thus shall it be done to the man whom the King delighteth to honour.” This was all then, it seems, that an ambitious *Haman* could ask, and the most valuable thing that he thought *Ahasuerus,* the greatest monarch upon earth, could give. But alas, what is this ho­nour in comparison of that which the meanest of those enjoy, that walk with God! Think ye it a small thing, Sirs, to have the secret of the Lord of Lords with you, and to be called the friends of God? and such honour have all God’s saints. “The secret of the Lord is with them that fear him:” and “Henceforth, says the blessed Jesus, call I you, no longer servants, but friends; for the servant knoweth not the will of his master.” Whatever you may think of it, holy *David* was so sensible of the honour attending a walk with God, that he declares, “He had rather be a door-keeper in his house, than to dwell even in the tents of ungodliness.” O that all were like-minded with him!

But, *Secondly,* As it is an honourable, so it is a pleasing thing to walk with God. The wisest of men has told us, that “Wisdom’s ways are ways of pleasantness, and all her paths peace.” And I remember pious Mr. *Henry,* when he was just about to expire, said to a friend, “You have heard many men’s dying words, and these are mine; A life spent in communion with God, is the pleasantest life in the world.” I am sure I can set to my seal that this is true. Indeed, I have been lifted under Jesus’s banner only for a few years; but I have enjoyed more solid pleasure in one moment’s communion with my God, than I should or could have en­joyed in the ways of sin, though I had continued to have went on in them for thousands of years. And may I not ap­peal to all you that fear and walk, with God, for the truth of this? Has not one day in the Lord’s courts, been to you better than a thousand? In keeping God’s commandments, have you not found a present and very great reward? Has not his word been sweeter to you than the honey, or the honey-comb? O what have you felt, when, *Jacob*-like, you have been wrestling with your God? Has not Jesus often met you when meditating in the fields, and been made known to you over and over again in breaking of bread? Has not the Holy Ghost frequently shed the divine love abroad in your hearts abundantly, and filled you with joy unspeakable, even joy that is full of glory? I know you will answer all these questions in the affirmative, and freely ac­knowledge the yoke of Christ to be easy, and his burden light; or (to use the words of one of our collects) That “his service is perfect freedom.” And what need we then any further motive to excite us to walk with God?

But methinks I hear some among you say, “How can these things be? For, if walking with God, as you say, is such an honourable arid pleasant thing, whence is it, that the name of the people of this way is cast out as evil, and everywhere spoken against? How comes it to pass that they are frequently afflicted, tempted; destitute, and tormented? Is this the honour, this the pleasure that you speak of?” I answer, Yes. Stop a while; be not over-hasty. Judge not according to appearance, but judge righteous judgment, and all will be well. It is true, we acknowledge the “people of this way,” as you; and *Paul* before you, when a persecutor called them, have their names cast out as evil, and are a sect everywhere spoken against. But by whom? Even by the enemies of the most high God. And do you think it a disgrace to be spoken evil of by them? Blessed be God, we have not so learnt Christ. Our royal Master has pronounced those “blessed, who are persecuted, and have all manner of evil spoken against them falsely.” He has commanded them “to rejoice and be exceeding glad.” For it is the privilege of their discipleship, and that their reward will be great in heaven. He himself was thus treated. And can there be a greater honour put upon a creature, than to be con­formed to the ever-blessed Son of God? And further, it is equally true, that the people of this way are frequently afflicted, tempted, destitute, and tormented. But what of all this? Does this destroy the pleasure of walking with God? No; in no wise; for those that walk with God, are enabled, through Christ strengthening them, to joy even in tribula­tion, and to rejoice when they fall into divers temptations. And I believe I may appeal to the experience of all true and close walkers with God, Whether or not their suffering times, have not frequently been their sweetest times, and that they enjoyed most of God, when most cast out and despised by men? This we find was the case of Christ’s primitive servants, when threatened by the *Jewish* sanhedrim, and com­manded to preach no more in the name of Jesus; they re­joiced, that they were accounted worthy to suffer shame for the sake of Jesus. *Paul* and *Silas* sang praises even in a dungeon; and the face of *Stephen,* that glorious proto-martyr of the christian church, shone like the face of an angel. And Jesus is the same now, as he was then, and takes care so to sweeten sufferings and afflictions with his love, that his disciples find, by happy experience, that as afflictions abound, consolations do much more abound. And therefore these ob­jections, instead of destroying, do only more enforce the mo­tives before urged to excite you to walk with God.

But supposing the objections were just, and walkers with God were as despicable and unhappy as you would represent them to be; yet I have a third motive to offer, which, if weighed in the balance of the sanctuary, will over-weigh all objections, viz. That there is a heaven at the end of this walk. For, to use the words of pious Bishop *Beveridge,* “Though the way be narrow, yet it is not long; and though the gate be straight, yet it opens into everlasting life.” *Enoch* found it so. He walked with God on earth, and God took him to sit down with him for ever in the kingdom of heaven. Not that we are to expect to be taken away as he was: no; I suppose we shall all die the common death of all men. But after death, the spirits of those who have walked with God, shall return to God that gave them; and at the morning of the resurrection, soul and body shall be for ever with the Lord. Their bodies shall be fashioned like unto Christ’s glorious body, and their souls filled with all the fulness of God. They shall sit on thrones; they shall judge angels. They shall be enabled to sustain an exceeding and eternal weight of glory, even that glory which Jesus Christ enjoyed with the Father before the world began. *O gloriam quantam et qualem,* says the learned and pious *Arndt*, just before he bowed down his head, and gave up the ghost. The very thought of it is enough to make us “wish to leap our seventy years,” as good Dr. *Watts* expresses himself, and to make us break out into the earnest language of the royal Psalmist, “My soul is athirst for God, yea for the living God. When shall I come to appear in the immediate presence of my God?” I won­der not that a sense of this, when under a more than ordinary irradiation and influx of divine life and love, causes some persons even to faint away, and for a time lose the power of their senses. A less sight than this, even a sight of *Solomon’s* glory, made *Sheba’*s queen astonished; and a still lesser sight than that, even a sight of *Joseph’s* waggons, made holy *Jacob* to faint, and for a while, as it were, die away. *Daniel,* when admitted to a distant view of this excellent glory, fell down at the feet of the angel as one dead. And if a distant view of this glory be so excellent, what must the actual possession of it be? If the first fruits are so glorious, how infinitely must the harvest exceed in glory?

And now what shall I, or indeed what can I well say more, to excite you, even you that are yet strangers to Christ, to come and walk with God? If you love honour, pleasure, and a crown of glory, come, seek it where alone it can be found. Come, put ye on the Lord Jesus. Come, haste ye away and walk with God, and make no longer provision for the flesh, to fulfil the lust thereof. Stop, stop, O sinner! turn ye, turn ye, O ye unconverted men! for the end of that way you are now walking in, however right it may seem in your blinded eyes, will be death, even eternal destruction both of body and soul. Make no long tarrying, I say: at your peril, I charge you, step not one step further on in your present walk. For how knowest thou, O man, but the next step thou takest may be into hell? Death may seize thee, judgment find thee, and then the great gulf will be fixed between thee and endless glory, for ever and, ever. O think of these things, all ye that are unwilling to come and walk with God. Lay them to heart. Show yourselves men, and in the strength of Jesus say, Farewell lust of the flesh, I will no more walk with thee! Farewell lust of the eye, and pride of life! Farewell carnal acquaintance, and enemies of the cross, I will no more walk and be intimate with you! Welcome Jesus, welcome thy word, welcome thy ordinances, welcome thy Spirit, welcome thy people, I will henceforth walk with you. O that there may be in you such a mind! God will set his almighty fiat to it, and seal it with the broad seal of heaven, even the signet of his Holy Spirit. Yes, he will, though you have been walking with, and following after, the devices and desires of your desperately wicked hearts, ever since you have been born. “I the high and lofty one,” says the great Jehovah, “that inhabiteth eternity, will dwell with the humble and contrite heart, even with the man that trembleth at my word.” The blood, even the precious blood of Jesus Christ, if you come to the Father in and through him, shall cleanse you from all sin.

But the text leads me to speak to you that are saints, as well as to you that are open or unconverted sinners. I need not tell you that walking with God is not only honourable, but pleasant and profitable also: for ye know it by happy experience, and will find it more and more so every day. Only give me leave to stir up your pure minds by way of re­membrance, and to beseech you by the mercies of God in Christ Jesus, to take heed to yourselves, and walk closer with your God, than you have in days past: for the nearer you walk with God, the more you will enjoy of Him whose presence is life, and be the better prepared for being placed at his right-hand, where are pleasures for evermore. O do not follow Jesus afar off! O be not so formal, so dead and stupid in your attendance on holy ordinances! Do not so shamefully forsake the assembling yourselves together, or be so niggardly, and so indifferent about the things of God. Remember what Jesus says of the church of *Laodicea,* “Because thou art neither hot nor cold, I will spew thee out of my mouth.” Think of the love of Jesus, and let that love constrain you to keep near unto him; and though you die for him, do not deny him, do not keep at a distance from him in any wise.

One word to my brethren in the ministry that are here present, and I have done. You see, my brethren, my heart is full; I could almost say it is too big to speak, and yet too big to be silent, without dropping a word to you. For does not the text speak in a particular manner to those who have the honour of being styled the ambassadors of Christ, and stewards of the mysteries of God? I observed at the begin­ning of this discourse, that *Enoch* in all probability was a pub­lic person, and a flaming preacher. Though he be dead, does he not yet speak to us, to quicken our zeal, and make us more active in the service of our glorious and ever-blessed Master? How did *Enoch* preach? How did *Enoch* walk with God, though he lived in a wicked and adulterous generation? Let us then follow him, as he followed Jesus Christ, and ere long, where he is, there shall we be also. He is now entered into his rest: yet a little while, and we shall enter into ours, and that too much sooner than he did. He sojourned here below three hundred years; but blessed be God, the days of man are now shortened, and in a few days our work will be over. The Judge is before the door: he that cometh will come, and will not tarry: his reward is with him. And we shall all (if we are zealous for the Lord of Hosts) ere long shine as the stars in the firmament, in the kingdom of our heavenly Father, for ever and ever. To Him, the blessed Jesus, and eternal Spirit, be all honour and glory, now, and to all eternity. *Amen,* and *Amen.*